



# Campus Security and Crime Report

2018

The following is the report on Campus Crime and Security for The Ohio State University at Marion and the Marion Technical College for the 2017 calendar year.

The Ohio State
University at Marion
&
Marion Technical
College

# INTRODUCTION

Your safety is our concern. It also must be your concern. As a university, we work very hard to prevent crime, fire, accidents, and illness, but nothing we do is as important as what you do – and, in some cases, do not do.

This publication contains valuable information about how you can help us keep you safe, on- and off-campus. Please pay special attention to and follow the safety tips. They will help reduce the chances of being the victim of crime, becoming injured, or losing valuables.

This report is intended to comply with the requirements of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. While we have sought to make this report a valuable resource of safety information, we invite you to contact any of the departments or programs listed in this report for more information about our policies or resources. Reports for each regional campus of The Ohio State University are issued separately by those campuses. Let us work together to have a safe year.

# **EMERGENCY NUMBERS**

OSU-MARION UNIVERSITY POLICE	PHONE NUMBERS
Emergency	9-1-1
Non-emergency	614-292-2121
Marion Campus Public Safety (Non-emergency)	740-725-6300
LOCAL AGENCIES	
All Police and Fire agencies Emergency Number	9-1-1
Marion County Sheriff's Office (Non-emergency)	740-387-4131
Ohio State Highway Patrol (Non-emergency)	740-383-2131
Marion Township Fire	740-387-5404
REFERENCE AND REFERRAL LISTING	
AA (Alcoholics Anonymous)	740-387-5546
Marion Area Counseling Center	740-387-5210
Office of Counseling and Wellness	740-725-6349
Office of Student Life Counseling and Consultation Service	614-292-5766
Office of Student Life Student Advocacy Center	614-292-1111
Office of Student Life Student Health Services	614-292-4321
Office of Student Life Student Wellness Center	614-292-4527
Ohio State Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	800-678-6265
Sexual Assault Response Network of Central Ohio (SARNCO)	614-267-7020
Student Safety Service	614-292-3322
Student Travel Safety	614-292-7677

# THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY POLICE DIVISION

Police officers of The Ohio State University are designated by statute as the law enforcement officers for the university. They are empowered to use investigative authority on reasonable suspicion of crime, to search and arrest as authorized by law, and to use reasonable and necessary force to enforce law and protect property on university land and as provided

by mutual aid compacts established with other jurisdictions. Their oath of office is a personal commitment to the rule of law and constitutional limitations of police authority. University Police perform the same duties and have the same authority as police departments in the cities in Ohio. They evaluate reported crimes and conduct investigations to determine the responsible party. University Police enforce laws regulating underage drinking, the use of controlled substances, weapons, and all other incidents requiring police assistance. They have police jurisdiction on all university property, provide primary police services to The Ohio State University at Columbus campus, and provide police services at The Ohio State University's regional campuses located at Lima, Mansfield, Marion, Newark, and Wooster.

The University Police Division has established a strong working relationship with many local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies. University Police work cooperatively with these agencies and have regular contacts with the Marion County Sheriff's Office, Marion Police Department, and the Ohio State Highway Patrol. The public safety office does not maintain 24 hour - 7 day/week coverage. The Ohio State Highway Patrol and Marion County Sheriff's Office (MCSO) has jurisdiction on The OSU at Marion Campus and has the authority to investigate crimes on the campus in addition to those that are investigated by the OSU Police Department. In 2015, The Ohio State University Police Division and the Marion County Sheriff's Office entered into an agreement through a Memorandum of Understanding between both agencies that give The Ohio State University Police the authority to investigate crimes off campus within Marion County, In addition, Marion Campus utilizes the MCSO as a contact for emergency services when the public safety officers are not available to respond. The OSU officer is dispatched by the Marion County Sheriff's Office and The Ohio State University Police Division. When the Marion Campus officer is not on duty, sheriff deputies are sent in their place and will handle incidents consistent with MCSO policies and procedures. MCSO reports all after-hour incidents to the Marion Campus officer for necessary follow-up; or may elect to call the Marion Campus officer in for duty under specific circumstances. As an added measure of safety and security to those utilizing the Marion Campus during hours that the public safety officer is not present, Marion Campus contracts with the Marion County Sheriff's Office to provide a deputy for a law enforcement presence. The Ohio State Highway Patrol and the OSU Police Division are additional law enforcement, safety, and security resources utilized by the Marion Campus.

The University Police Division has also entered into a joint agreement with Bowling Green State University, Central State University, Cleveland State University, Kent State University, Miami University, Ohio University, Shawnee State University, University of Akron, University of Toledo, Wright State University, Youngstown State University, and Columbus State Community College to provide and receive mutual assistance and police services upon request. Agreements with the Ohio State Highway Patrol and the Ohio Investigative Unit provide for law enforcement officers from these agencies to support the operations of the University Police Division during football games. The Ohio Intrastate Mutual Aid Compact law gives Ohio State's Police Division the ability to call upon any law enforcement agency to provide mutual assistance or aid for purposes of responding to and recovering from a disaster, preparing for incidents, exercises, training activities, planned events, or emergencies, any of which require additional resources.

Emergency telephone service, 9-1-1, is available from all campus phones.

# SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION INITIATIVES

#### INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL SAFETY

The Office of International Affairs and Office of Risk Management and Insurance collaborate on a travel risk management program. International risk management maintains an emergency response protocol and travelers have access to a 24-hour international response number, 614-292-6677. As part of the protocol, the university maintains insurance to support health and security response. Faculty and staff leaders leading education abroad programs receive annual training in incident response.

Pre-travel health, safety, and security information is available on the Office of Education Abroad website. Registered student travelers are provided travel safety materials, advised to enroll in the Department of State Traveler Enrollment Program (STEP), enrolled in insurance and registered in the incident response protocol.

# **BUILT ENVIRONMENT SECURITY**

The Marion Campus implements numerous safety precautions on the campus grounds.

Extensive lighting is found throughout the campus and continual efforts are made to implement additional or improved lighting. There are over 120 security cameras on the Marion Campus that monitor and record activities in all buildings, in the parking lots, and on the grounds. Public Safety works closely with facilities and maintenance to address safety concerns through environmental design. The Marion Campus building/grounds maintenance staff, who are required to

wear uniforms with identifying insignia, are responsible for maintenance, safety, and security of buildings and grounds, to include lighting and tree trimming. If necessary, campus crime reports are used to identify problem areas on campus. When classes are in session on the Marion Campus, most buildings are open from 7:00 a.m. until the last evening class lets out (usually no later than 10:30 p.m.) – Monday through Friday. When the campus is closed, all buildings are locked and may be opened only by authorized personnel. No established campus or non-campus residence halls are operated by the Marion Campus.

#### SECURITY PLANNING STRATEGIES

The Ohio State University and Marion Technical College recognizes that the built environment has an influence on criminal behavior and in promoting an atmosphere of security and safety for our students, faculty, staff, and visitors. For this reason, it is our desire to implement in the design of our buildings, open spaces, and campus as a whole, environmental element that will have a positive impact on security. To further that effort, we focus on a number of safety and security considerations and security planning principles as we design and develop buildings and other areas of campus. These include appropriate site selection and building placement as well as effective and appropriate use of signage, natural and man-made security barriers, architectural elements and landscape materials, access control methods, lighting, and security cameras. By incorporating these elements into the design of campus spaces, we aim to create a safe and open atmosphere that promotes living, learning, and working while at that same time effectively deterring criminal activity and other inappropriate uses of campus spaces.

# CRIME PREVENTION AND SAFETY PROGRAMS AND EDUCATION

In addition, the university offers numerous crime prevention and safety programs to the university community. These programs are offered by various university organizations and are available throughout each academic year. Sponsors and their programs include:

<u>Community Policing</u>: The University Police Division utilizes a community policing philosophy with the goals of 1) establishing positive contacts with the campus community; 2) identifying real and/or perceived problems that exist in the campus community; and 3) developing programs which aid in the resolution of identified problems. University Police can patrol the campus via cars, walking, or bicycle.

<u>Sexual Assault Survivor's Rights</u>: The University Police Division has developed and implemented a "Sexual Assault Survivor's Rights" program, which is designed to protect the rights of survivors of sexual assault and is a road map to empower and inform survivors of sexual assault. Copies of these materials are available at the University Police Division.

Other Crime Prevention and Safety Education Programs for Students and Employees: The Ohio State University Police Division provides crime prevention programming for employees and students in a variety of settings. Officers meet with staff members during community events, while performing security surveys, or in a training environment. During these events, employees are given information about the Department of Public Safety operations on-campus, as well as information about historic and current crime trends. Examples include table displays at student orientation for both The Ohio State University at Marion and Marion Technical College.

Safety planning is conducted, when appropriate, for staff and students when they have been affected by someone in crisis or when they are the victim of a crime with ongoing concerns for safety. Officers work with the Office of Human Resources in support of workplace violence policies and work with Student Life in the Consultation and Assessment Team to help address situations involving disruptive behavior.

The Marion Campus Public Safety Office is part of and has direct reporting lines to The Ohio State University Department of Public Safety – University Police Division. Although distance separates the two, many programs offered on the Columbus Campus can still be of benefit to The Ohio State University faculty, staff, and students attending the Marion Campus. In some cases, programs or services may be available to Marion Technical College faculty, staff, and students as well. For information on any of the programs listed, please contact Marion Campus Public Safety.

#### **COURTESY PHONES**

There are no pay phones on the Marion Campus, but most buildings have a courtesy phone that can be used for local calls, non-emergency calls, or **9-1-1** emergency calls. **9-1-1** calls are routed to the Marion County Sheriff's Office and dispatchers send the appropriate first responders. Emergency numbers are posted at each of the courtesy phone locations. Phone locations are located on the first floor of all buildings.

# PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY - CRIME AWARENESS/PREVENTION

In spite of the Marion Campus' small city location and relatively smaller physical size, crime does occur. Members of the campus community are encouraged to be aware of their surroundings/situation at all times, and to be responsible for their own, as well as others', personal safety. Continual efforts are made to ensure the safety of the campus community by having grounds that are well lit, patrolled, and traveled. The Marion Campus publishes crime statistics annually; and maintains a daily crime log, so that students, faculty, staff, and visitors can be aware of the potential for crime. We subscribe to the philosophy that publicizing crime and campus safety information will only help make the campus safer. Similarly, we subscribe to the philosophy that an alert, well-educated campus is a safer campus. Consequently, many campus departments are involved with keeping a safe campus environment. Marion Campus Public Safety provides information at student orientation sessions for both MTC and OSUM. Marion Campus Public Safety has also developed safety presentations for use in new student orientation classes (OSUM required course).

#### SAFETY ESCORT SERVICES

Marion Campus Public Safety provides safety escort service for students, faculty, staff, and visitors on the Marion Campus. Uniformed personnel from Marion Campus Public Safety or the Marion County Sheriff's Office are available to walk (or in some cases drive) persons to and from on-campus destinations. The service is free to any faculty, staff, or visitor and only requires users to show a valid form of identification (i.e. MTC or OSUM identification card, driver's license, etc.). For additional details on this program, or to arrange a safety escort, contact Marion Campus Public Safety at **740-725-6300**.

Note: Emergency situations may exist where a member of the campus community finds it necessary to request assistance from law enforcement. In such instances, requests for assistance need not fall within listed hours. Call 9-1-1 for emergency assistance.

#### STUDENT SECURITY

Marion Campus Public Safety, when possible, will employ Student Security personnel who are responsible for identifying and advising law enforcement of observed criminal or suspicious activity and/or potential safety issues. Student Security personnel will receive training through the Marion Campus Public Safety Office/OSU Department of Public Safety in diversity, criminal law, first aid/CPR, video surveillance monitoring; and will be provided with means to communicate directly with police communications.

# THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY PROGRAMS TO PREVENT DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING

The Ohio State University prohibits crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. The code of the State of Ohio does not define consent; however, the following definitions apply to all members of the university community (faculty, staff, students, student employees, graduate associates, appointees, and volunteers), vendors, and visitors under University Policy 1.15.

<u>Consent</u> - Permission that is clear, knowing, voluntary, and expressed prior to engaging in and during an act. Consent is active, not passive. Silence, in and of itself, cannot be interpreted as consent. Consent can be given by words or actions, as long as those words or actions create mutually understandable clear permission regarding willingness to engage in (and the conditions of) sexual activity.

- A. Consent to any one form of sexual activity cannot automatically imply consent to any other forms of sexual activity.
- B. Consent may be withdrawn at any time.
- C. Previous relationships or prior consent cannot imply consent to future sexual acts; this includes "blanket" consent (i.e., permission in advance for any/all actions at a later time/place).
- D. Consent cannot be given by an individual who one knows to be or based on the circumstances should reasonably have known to be substantially impaired (e.g., by alcohol or other drug use, unconsciousness or blackout, etc.).
  - 1. Substantial impairment is a state when an individual cannot make rational, reasonable decisions because she/he lacks the capacity to give knowing consent (e.g., to understand the "who, what, when, where, why, or how" of their sexual interaction).
  - 2. This policy also covers individuals whose substantial impairment results from other physical or

- mental conditions including mental disability, sleep, involuntary physical restraint, or from the consumption of alcohol or other drugs.
- 3. Being impaired by alcohol or other drugs will never function as a defense for any behavior that violates this policy.
- E. An individual cannot consent who has been coerced, including being compelled by force, threat of force, or deception; who is unaware that the act is being committed; or who is coerced by a supervisory or disciplinary authority.

<u>Dating Violence</u> - Violence or threat of violence by an individual who has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the complainant. Whether there was such relationship will be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length and type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction of the persons involved in the relationship.

<u>Domestic Violence</u> - Conduct that would meet the definition of a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by the complainant's current or former spouse or intimate partner, a person with whom the complainant shares a child in common, a person who is or has cohabitated with the complainant as a spouse or intimate partner, or individual similarly situated to a spouse under domestic or family violence law, or anyone else protected under the domestic or family violence law of the jurisdiction in which the offense occurred. An individual need not be charged with or convicted of a criminal offense to be found responsible for domestic violence pursuant to this policy.

Relationship Violence - Dating violence and domestic violence.

<u>Sexual Assault</u> - Non-consensual sexual contact and non-consensual sexual intercourse. All such acts of sexual assault are forms of sexual violence, and therefore sexual misconduct.

<u>Sexual Misconduct</u> - Conduct of a sexual nature or conduct based on sex or gender that is nonconsensual or has the effect of threatening, intimidating, or coercing a person. Includes sexual harassment, sexual violence, relationship violence, and stalking. Sexual misconduct is a form of sex- and gender-based discrimination.

<u>Sexual Violence</u> - Sexual acts perpetrated against an individual's will or when an individual is incapable of giving consent. All such acts of sexual violence are forms of sexual misconduct.

<u>Stalking</u> - A course of conduct directed at a specific individual that would cause a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the complainant to fear for her, his, or others' safety, or to suffer substantial emotional distress. A course of conduct includes two or more acts, including but not limited to, those in which the alleged perpetrator directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about the complainant, or interferes with the complainant's property.

The Ohio State University is committed to educating the community, including all incoming students and new employees, on domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, through a variety of primary prevention programs and on-going awareness campaigns. The University requires training for all employees and students, to promote the awareness of rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. These modules include safe and positive options for bystander intervention, risk reduction information, procedures victims should follow to make a report, confidentiality information, on- and off-campus resources, victim support options, disciplinary procedures, and possible sanctions and protective measures the institution may impose following a final determination of an institutional disciplinary procedure. In addition to these primary prevention educational modules, the University offers a variety of instructor-led training to students and employees on issues of sexual and relationship violence.

# MARION TECHNICAL COLLEGE PROGRAMS TO PREVENT DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING

Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972 provides: No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any educational program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

Title IX is a federal civil rights law passed in 1972 that prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in all activities and programs of educational institutions receiving federal financial assistance. Prohibited sex-based discrimination includes sexual harassment, sexual violence, and pregnancy discrimination.

Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature, including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

Sexual violence is a form of sexual harassment. Sexual violence refers to physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent (e.g., due to the student's age or use of drugs or alcohol or an intellectual or other disability that prevents the person from having the capacity to give consent). Sexual violence includes rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual abuse, and sexual coercion.

Title IX applies to all MTC services and academic programs both on- and off-campus including, but not limited to:

- Health and counseling services.
- Recreational, residential life, and extracurricular services and programs.
- Employment of faculty, staff, and students, including the recruitment and selection processes.

All College community members must comply with Title IX, including, without limitation: students, faculty, staff, administrators, Board of Trustees, coaches, counselors, and visitors.

The Clery Act requires colleges and universities that participate in federal financial aid programs to report annual statistics on crime, including sexual assault and rape, on or near the campus, and to develop and disseminate prevention policies.

Consent - The agreement to engage in specific sexual contact, which may be given by verbal agreement or active and willing participation in the sexual activity. Consent to sexual contact or any specific sexual act cannot be given if an individual is incapacitated or impaired because of a physical or mental condition or the ingestion of drugs or alcohol, or under the age of 17. Silence, previous sexual relationships, current relationships, or the use of alcohol and/or drugs is not an indication of consent. The use of force, threat of force, threat of immediate or future harm, or use of physical intimidation to secure compliance with sexual activity is evidence of lack of consent. Consent may be initially given, but it may be revoked at any point, either verbally, through physical resistance, or by losing consciousness. Failure to cease sexual contact promptly in response to a withdrawal of consent constitutes prohibited nonconsensual sexual contact. "No" or any other negative statement or acts/physical gestures supporting the desire to cease contact in response to sexual contact or an invitation to sexual contact will be regarded as a denial of consent to such sexual contact.

<u>Dating Violence</u> - Any act of violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the victim's statement and with consideration of the type and length of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Two people may be in a romantic or intimate relationship, regardless of whether the relationship is sexual in nature; however, neither a casual acquaintance nor ordinary fraternization between two individuals in a business or social context shall constitute a romantic or intimate relationship. This definition does not include acts covered under domestic violence.

<u>Domestic Violence</u> - Any violent felony or misdemeanor crime committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, a person sharing a child with the victim, or a person cohabiting with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner.

<u>Sex Discrimination</u> - All forms of sexual harassment, sexual assault, and sexual violence by employees, students, or third parties against employees, students, or third parties. Students, College employees, and third parties are prohibited from harassing other students and/or employees whether or not the incidents of harassment occur on the College campus and whether or not the incidents occur during working hours.

<u>Sexual Exploitation</u> - When a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his/her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of other sexual misconduct offenses.

<u>Sexual Harassment</u> - Unwelcome, gender-based verbal or physical conduct that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it unreasonably interferes with, denies, or limits someone's ability to participate in or benefit from the university's educational program and/or activities, and is based on power differentials (quid pro quo), the creation of a hostile environment, or retaliation.

<u>Sexual Violence</u> - Physical sexual act perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent. Such acts include, but are not limited to, rape, sexual battery, and sexual coercion.

Stalking - Intentionally engaging in a course of conduct, directed at a specific person, which is likely to cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or cause that person to suffer substantial emotional damage. Examples include, but are not limited to, repeatedly following such person(s), repeatedly committing acts that alarm, cause fear, or seriously annoy such other person(s) and that serve no legitimate purpose, and repeatedly communicating by any means, including electronic means, with such person(s) in a manner likely to intimidate, annoy, or alarm him or her.

<u>Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)</u> - Under The Violence Against Women Act, colleges and universities are required to: (1) report dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, beyond crime categories the Clery Act already mandates; (2) adopt certain student discipline procedures, such as for notifying purported victims of their rights; and (3) adopt certain institutional policies to address and prevent campus sexual violence, such as to train in particular respects pertinent institutional personnel.

#### SEXUAL ASSAULT SURVIVOR'S RIGHTS

The OSU Police Division developed and implemented a "Sexual Assault Survivor's Rights" program, designed to protect the rights of survivors of sexual assault; and serve as a road map to empower and inform survivors of sexual assault. Marion Campus Public Safety has adopted the "Survivor's Rights Guarantee" and developed a "Sexual Assault Services Checklist" suitable to the Marion area. Material regarding the Sexual Assault Survivor's Rights can be obtained at the Marion Campus Public Safety Office, Morrill Hall, room 138, or Student Life in Maynard Hall, room 100.

# TITLE IX

Title IX is a federal law that prohibits discrimination and harassment based on sex or gender. This may include acts of sex or gender-based discrimination, sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, sexual violence, relationship violence, and stalking. The Title IX Coordinator is the designated university official with primary responsibility for coordinating the university's compliance with Title IX. This individual provides leadership for Title IX activities; offers consultation, education, and training; and helps to ensure the university responds appropriately, effectively and equitably to Title IX issues. For more information, visit titleix.osu.edu or contact the Title IX Coordinator or any of the Deputy Title IX Coordinators:

- Kellie Brennan, Compliance Director and Title IX/Clery Coordinator: **614-247-5838**, 21 E. 11th Ave, in the South Campus Gateway, <u>titleix@osu.edu</u> or <u>brennan.241@osu.edu</u>.
- Kelly Smith, Director of Student Conduct and Interim Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Students: **614-292-0748**, 550 Lincoln Tower, 1800 Cannon Dr., <a href="mailto:smith.4941@osu.edu">smith.4941@osu.edu</a>.
- Kristi Hoge, Lead Employee and Labor Relations Consultant and Deputy Title IX Coordinator for the Office of Human Resources and the Wexner Medical Center: **614-292-0854**, 300 Gateway Building C, 1590 N. High St., **hoge.42@osu.edu**.
- Janine Oman, Senior Associate Athletics Director and Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Athletics: **614-688-3280**, Fawcett Center for Tomorrow, 2400 Olentangy River Rd., 10th floor, **oman.7@osu.edu.**
- Molly Peirano, Assistant Compliance Director and Deputy Clery Coordinator: **614-247-4113**, 21 E. 11th Ave, in the South Campus Gateway, **titleix@osu.edu** or **Peirano.9@osu.edu**.
- Shawn Jackson, Director of Student Life / Title IX contact for The Ohio State University for the Marion Campus: 740-725-6219, Maynard Hall room 100H, jackson.368@osu.edu.
- Marion Technical College: Brenda Feasel, Director of Human Resources / Title IX & Civil Rights Coordinator: 740-386-4189, Bryson Hall office 178D, feaselb@mtc.edu.
- Marion Technical College: Shannon Niedzwicki, Director of Career Services / Deputy Title IX Coordinator: 740-386-4176, Bryson Hall office 185B, niedzwickis@mtc.edu.

Students who are victims of sexual violence should immediately report the incident. Reporting an incident of violence does not require filing criminal charges. Students can make their report to any campus administrator, staff personnel, or the Campus Police. The services of the Counseling and Wellness Office are free to all students enrolled at The Ohio State University at Marion. This office has support agency referrals available to the survivors of sexual violence such as: Marion County Victim's Assistance Program **740-387-4401**, Marion Area Counseling Center **740-387-5210**, and the Sexual Assault Response Network **800-684-2324**. These support services are available on the Marion Campus by

contacting Wellness Counselor Leslie Beary (740-725-6439; <u>beary.4@osu.edu</u>) or the Maynard Hall front desk (740-726-6111). These services are free and confidential.

Title IX Intake and Outreach Coordinators are available to support The Ohio State University students and employees who experience sexual misconduct in any form, including connecting to campus and community resources for confidential counseling and confidential advocacy services. Intake and Outreach Coordinators assist survivors of sexual misconduct in understanding their rights and options, assist in filing reports with appropriate law enforcement agencies, explaining university policies and procedures, and help promote their academic and/or professional success and personal wellness by arranging accommodations and interim measures as needed and available. Intake and Outreach Coordinators can help with:

- Knowledge of university and criminal reporting procedures.
- Assistance with accommodations such as change of housing, living, transportation, working, and other protective measures that are requested and reasonably available for students and employees.
- On- and off-campus confidential counseling and advocacy services.
- Options for legal assistance including obtaining protection orders.
- Academic assistance, including contacting instructors about missing time or assignments, arranging leaves of absence or emergency withdrawal, and retroactive withdrawal petitions.
- Workplace accommodations including communicating with supervisors, schedule changes, and missed time.

The Ohio State University aims to educate students and the campus at large, empowering the Buckeye Community to help prevent sexual misconduct. The Relationship Education and Violence Prevention Coordinators in the Student Life Student Wellness Center are responsible for the development, implementation, and evaluation of evidence-based primary prevention efforts and awareness campaigns, and focus on initiatives that will promote a positive shift in the culture. Prevention workshops are provided to incoming students through the First-Year Success Series (FYSS), second year students through the Second-Year Transformational Experience Program (STEP). Other programs available to students include Sexual Violence and Intervention, Masculinities, and Empowerment presentations, and custom training by request. Descriptions of these workshops are available at <a href="mailto:swc.osu.edu/services/">swc.osu.edu/services/</a>. Programming efforts aim to help The Ohio State University community do the following:

- Recognize different types of sexual violence.
- Understand that sexual violence is prohibited by both the university and Ohio law.
- Debunk common rape myths.
- Look at how sexual violence is portrayed in the media and our culture.
- Explore social constructs and cultural norms that encourage sexual violence.
- Reveal facts about sexual violence and its relationship with alcohol and other drugs.
- Understand sexual consent, coercion, and Ohio State's Sexual Misconduct Policy.
- Build relationship skills and skills to communicate sexual consent.
- Understand and practice bystander intervention methods.
- Empathize with and support survivors of sexual violence.
- Know and be able to reference the campus and local sexual violence resources.
- Access information about bystander risk reduction to decrease the likelihood of victimization and recognize warning signs of abusive behavior.

# **BUCKEYES GOT YOUR BACK**

Student Wellness Center Relationship Education and Violence Prevention facilitate a bystander intervention program developed for students that continues to expand its reach among various student populations. The "Buckeyes Got Your Back" (BGYB) bystander intervention program goes beyond telling students how not to become victims or how not to perpetrate. Rather, it empowers an entire community to prevent sexual violence before it happens. Specifically, BGYB aims to do the following:

- Improve participants' understanding of sexual violence, sexual consent, and the impact of alcohol and other drugs.
- Increase motivation to help.
- Develop skills and confidence to respond to problems.
- Promote safety.
- Highlight campus sexual violence resources.

BGYB encourages Buckeyes to be Active Bystanders, who:

- Look out for their friends and fellow Buckeyes.
- Prevent bad things from happening by intervening, NOT standing by.
- Strive to create a safe community for everyone, regardless of their identity.
- Take responsibility for their reactions toward inappropriate behavior.
- Battle the Bystander Effect. The Bystander Effect is a phenomenon in which the more people who witness an emergency event, the less likely anyone is to intervene. BUT, silence and passivity are not neutral. They encourage attitudes and behaviors that promote sexual violence.

#### **BUCK-I-CARE**

Buck-I-CARE is an initiative focusing on creating a culture of personal responsibility for each individual to care for themselves and their partners, bringing awareness to the issue of sexual violence by providing guidelines for sexual experiences.

Check – Check that your partner has the capacity to make informed and sound decisions for themselves.

**A**sk – Ask your partner for consent and make sure they are actively and enthusiastically engaged.

**R**espect – Respect your partner's boundaries by accepting when they do not want to engage in a sexual activity.

Empower – Empower your partner to make their own decisions by communicating with CARE.

#### **BUCKEYES ACT**

Buckeyes ACT is Ohio State's comprehensive plan to combat sexual misconduct and relationship violence. Buckeyes ACT combines new programs with existing initiatives focusing on:

- Action-prevention efforts and bystander intervention.
- Counseling-advocacy and support services.
- Training-awareness and prevention education.

# Specifically:

**Action** — Buckeyes ACT created a dedicated team for investigating reports of student sexual misconduct and relationship violence on campus, and a university-wide task force, including students, staff and faculty, to identify best practices and explore innovative approaches to prevention and response.

**Counseling** — Buckeyes ACT increased the number of advocates to support students and expanded the capacity of Student Life's Counseling and Consultation Services, including a counselor with dedicated expertise in responding to trauma and sexual assault incidents.

**Training** — As part of Buckeyes ACT, Ohio State implemented mandatory sexual misconduct and relationship violence training for students in first-year orientation, in the First-Year Experience (FYE) program, and in the Second-Year Transformational Experience Program (STEP) program, launched for the incoming class of 2016.

# THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY SEXUAL MISCONDUCT ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE TEAM (SMART)

The Sexual Misconduct Assessment and Response Team (SMART) meets regularly to ensure a prompt, thorough, and appropriate response to all reports of sexual misconduct, including sexual assault, relationship violence, and stalking. SMART consists of the university's Title IX Coordinator, The Ohio State University Police Division, Office of Legal Affairs, Student Conduct, University Housing, and Human Resources. SMART ensures proper coordination of efforts in the areas of university investigation, law enforcement, and survivor support services.

# THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY TITLE IX TASKFORCE

The Title IX Task Force, chaired by the university's Title IX Coordinator, is a multi-disciplinary group of students, faculty, and staff representing over twenty different offices and departments who are engaged in addressing sex-and-gender-based discrimination. The Task Force has developed workgroups focusing on assessment, engagement, and awareness/prevention, and these groups identify challenges and gaps in the university's proactive efforts to eliminate gender bias. The task force focuses on creating a positive culture shift through open dialogue and collaboration.

#### OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY OFFICE OF STUDENT LIFE STUDENT CONDUCT

The primary focus of Student Life's Student Conduct group is to promote university community standards through the administration of The Ohio State University Code of Student Conduct. The office also serves as an information source about student behavior, student discipline, disciplinary hearings, appeals, and hearings.

The purpose of the university discipline system is to promote student development by addressing behaviors that are inconsistent with community standards and expectations, as defined by the Code of Student Conduct. The office conducts fair and impartial processes regarding alleged violations of the Code and, when appropriate, administers proactive and educational sanctions.

Students Conduct often coordinates its services with other campus offices in an effort to serve students to the fullest extent. Students are encouraged to communicate individual concerns they have, including alcohol or drug dependency, mental or emotional wellness, or potential legal issues to Student Conduct. Students are encouraged to communicate individual concerns they have or personal challenges they are facing, and when appropriate, referrals will be made to other university offices in an effort to best serve students. Whenever someone witnesses what appears to be criminal activity or violations of university rules under the Code, they are encouraged to report this to University Police, as it is the police's role to be the primary campus investigative authority for such matters. When appraised of activities by recognized student organizations that allegedly are in violation of the Code of Student Conduct (including criminal activity), Student Conduct may initiate disciplinary proceedings against the student organization and/or its members

The Columbus office is located at 550 Lincoln Tower, 1800 Cannon Drive and can be reached at **614-292-0748**. For more information about Student Conduct, visit **studentconduct.osu.edu**/.

The Code of Student Conduct may be found at studentconduct.osu.edu/.

The Ohio State University Marion Campus office is located in Maynard Hall room 100H, 1461 Mt. Vernon Ave., and can be reached at **740-725-6219**.

It is the university's practice to solicit from law enforcement agencies information on criminal activity involving students in off-campus locations and programs. This information is made available to Student Conduct and other appropriate offices on-campus.

Upon written request, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the university against the student who is the alleged perpetrator (hereafter "respondent") of a crime of violence or a sex offense will be disclosed to the alleged victim, as appropriate under applicable law. Student Conduct will provide both the respondent and the accuser with simultaneous written notification of any result of any disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of a crime of violence, Student Conduct will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin if requested.

#### MARION TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Any student, registered student organization, faculty, and/or staff member may file charges with the Vice President of Academic Affairs & Student Services against any other student, registered student organization, faculty, or staff member. A list of actions, which is not intended to be all-inclusive, is contained within the MTC Student Handbook.

The procedures for Disciplinary Action, Appeals and Student Grievances/Complaints are outlined in this College Code Section; as well as Disciplinary Sanctions and Records of Student Complaints.

The MTC Student Services Office – Vice President – is located in Bryson Hall, Room 161H at 1467 Mount Vernon Ave. (Marion, OH) and can be reached by calling **740-386-4150**.

# BIAS ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE TEAM (BART)

Bias Assessment and Response Team (BART) is an initiative of The Ohio State University Office of Student Life. The team receives, monitors, refers, provides consultation, and, as necessary, coordinates university responses to hate and bias-related incidents that affect the university community. Incidents may involve bias or hate grounded in age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity or expression, genetic information, HIV/AIDS status, military status, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation or veteran status that occur within the university community. BART is not intended to replace or subordinate any existing processes for reporting and addressing acts of discrimination, harassment, or violence, including but not limited to processes of the Office of Human Resources, University Police, and Student Conduct.

For more information about BART, or to report an incident, visit https://studentlife.osu.edu/bias/.

The Ohio State University Marion Campus office is located in Maynard Hall, room 100H, 1461 Mt. Vernon Ave., Marion, Ohio and can be reached at **740-725-6219**.

#### MEDICAL CARE AND EVIDENCE COLLECTION

If an individual is uncertain about whether or not they want to report what has occurred, they can still get evidence collected. In cases of sexual assault or severe injuries, the police will be called by the hospital. The survivor can decide if they want to speak with the police at that time to officially report what has happened.

While evidence may be collected anonymously (i.e. without the survivors name attached to it) and/or when there is no report made to police, these cases are handled differently. A discussion about the merit of collecting evidence "anonymously" and in instances where the survivor does not want to report, should be discussed with medical personnel and/or an advocate.

At local emergency departments, the evidence collection exam may be performed by a doctor, a nurse, or a specially trained nurse: a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE). In cases of sexual assault, within the first 96-hours of an assault is the best time for evidence to be collected. Under certain circumstances, it may be collected after this time frame. It is not necessary for evidence to be collected in order for a case to be reported. It is easier to investigate and prosecute cases that have physical evidence but it is not impossible to go forward without it.

If an individual wants to have evidence collected, it is best not to bathe and to take the clothes that they were wearing at the time of the assault to the hospital with them. It is also recommended to avoid eating, drinking, and going to the bathroom. However, a lot of people do all of these things before going to the hospital and evidence can still be collected.

The sexual assault evidence collection exam is paid for by a fund within the Ohio Attorney General's office. However, other medical care may be needed and in that instance, insurance will be billed or an individual can arrange to "self-pay". Assistance with additional medical bills may be provided through accessing Victims of Crime Compensation and/or through the Sexual Violence Assistance Fund. For more information about these options, individuals can contact the Title IX Office at 614-247-5838 or find more information at <a href="titleix.osu.edu">titleix.osu.edu</a>. More information about Victims of Crime Compensation can be found at <a href="https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/victimscompensation">https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/victimscompensation</a>.

# SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EXAMINERS - SANE

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE) are available through Marion General Hospital to provide comfort and support to sexual assault victims. Additionally, SANE personnel have received specialty training in conducting forensic examinations; and can provide evidence and testimony if the case goes to trial. For immediate or emergency situations (24-hours a day), SANE can be contacted by going to Marion General Hospital, located at 1000 McKinley Park Drive, Marion, Ohio; or by calling the Marion General Hospital emergency room at **740-383-8500** (ask for SANE). For less immediate situations or for questions, SANE maintains a business line – **740-383-8677**.

# EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION, RESPONSE, AND EVACUATION

#### **EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

The Department of Public Safety assumes the role of issuing emergency notifications to the campus community. As defined, an emergency notification is the process of immediately notifying the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on-campus.

The Ohio State University will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system or systems, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate an emergency.

Emergency notifications may be authorized for The Ohio State University by the Assistant Vice-President of Public Safety, Chief of Police, Deputy Chief of Police, Director of Marketing, and Communications, or the Senior Vice-President of Administration & Planning.

The process of issuing an emergency notification begins by confirming there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation. Public Safety personnel verify information about a potential significant emergency or dangerous situation. This

occurs by collecting and assimilating information from firsthand accounts, from uniformed officers in the field, and through the use of security technologies such as alarm and surveillance systems. Alarm systems are monitored by the Department of Public Safety 24-hours a day, 7 days a week. In some locations, cameras can be reviewed in the event of an emergency.

In some circumstances, other Ohio State University departments or local, state, or federal agencies may notify the Department of Public Safety of a possible emergency and may provide information or guidance to be used in verifying whether a significant emergency or dangerous situation exists. The Ohio State University may contact or be contacted by external law enforcement agencies, emergency management agencies, public health agencies, or other agencies with expertise in the type of situation affecting the campus; these departments or agencies may provide assistance and guidance in confirming the presence of an emergency or dangerous situation. Ohio State University departments that become aware that an emergency or dangerous situation may affect the campus will contact the Department of Public Safety to report the incident.

Upon learning that an emergency or dangerous situation may exist, the Communications Center or other Public Safety personnel will contact leadership within the Department of Public Safety to pass along specific information about the situation. Department of Public Safety leadership will confirm whether an emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health and/or welfare of students or employees is occurring on the campus and if an emergency is confirmed, will begin the process of issuing an emergency notification. As part of this process, Public Safety leadership will determine the event's significance and the populations it may impact.

The Department of Public Safety is responsible for determining the content of an emergency notification; the content of a notification is determined based on the circumstances; and the manner in which the situation is impacting campus. The content of the notification message is designed to provide instruction to the university community that promotes the safety and well-being of those impacted. At times, messages may simply contain information about an area of campus to avoid. At other times, messages may have specific protective action recommendations or information about the nature of the incident itself. A message may be directed to the entire campus community or to specific areas or segments of the campus depending on the nature of the incident.

Upon determination of the notifications content, systems utilized to transmit emergency notifications are selected and activated to deliver the desired content relating to the emergency onto the end user within the university community. These systems are described in the next section.

Delivery of an emergency notification may occur within minutes of the initial confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation depending upon the time of day, the methods chosen to disseminate information, and the successful activation and performance of technologies used to issue notifications.

Emergency notifications may be authorized for Marion Technical College by the President, Campus Police, or other designee appointed by the President.

#### **EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION SYSTEMS**

#### To report an emergency or dangerous situation, call 9-1-1.

Once the Department of Public Safety is aware that an emergency situation may exist, response agencies such as Police, Fire, or a Health Department can initiate a response and, if appropriate, Public Safety can begin the process of notifying our campus community.

Before or while Department of Public Safety leadership is being notified of a potential emergency or dangerous situation, Communications Center personnel will notify first responders and will request their assistance at the scene. First responders called to a scene are typically the University Police Division. However, depending on the nature of the incident, other Ohio State University departments or other local, state, or federal agencies could be involved in responding to the incident. Ohio State University will work in cooperation with these agencies to manage the incident.

#### **General Information**

In the event of an emergency, the Department of Public Safety will determine the appropriate emergency notification systems to be used to deliver the emergency notification message to the campus community. Ohio State University may use any or all communication resources to disseminate information depending on the nature of the emergency and the surrounding circumstances.

Information pertaining to incidents and emergencies on campus will be disseminated to the larger public via media organizations through University Communications or individuals involved in emergency response on-campus as designated by the Assistant Vice-President of Public Safety.

Emergency notifications may be sent to the entire campus community when a situation has the potential to affect a large portion of the campus, or they may be sent to specific buildings or areas of the campus in circumstances where the impact of the situation may be limited. The Department of Public Safety will evaluate the information known about the situation and will determine the appropriate areas of campus to be notified. As the situation progresses, the Department of Public Safety will continue to assess the circumstances and may notify additional segments of the campus community if it is warranted.

Based on the circumstances involved in the emergency or dangerous situation, the Department of Public Safety will develop a notification designed to aid in protecting individuals from harm, in preventing an incident from escalating into a larger or more complex emergency, and in preserving and maintaining law enforcement and other public safety operations.

# **Buckeye Alert**

Buckeye Alert is a multi-modal, all-hazards emergency notification system that includes all of the communications methods listed below. Based upon a variety of factors, Ohio State Public Safety officials will determine which method, or combination of methods, should be utilized to communicate with the university community during an emergency.

Each event/emergency is unique. The message for each event/emergency will also need to be unique. Public Safety leadership will determine the final message prior to activation.

If there is a situation on campus that threatens the health and safety of our students, faculty, staff, and visitors, Ohio State Public Safety officials will warn our campus community using one or more of the following methods:

- emergency.osu.edu\_webpage
- osu.edu webpage
- mtc.edu webpage
- Text messages
- Email
- Building Alarm/Speaker Systems
- Facebook
- Newspaper
- NOAA Weather Radio
- Outdoor Warning Speakers
- Radio
- Television
- Twitter
- Two-Way Radios
- Vehicle Public Address Speakers
- Voicemail on all campus telephones
- Voice messages to campus telephones
- Voice messages to cell phones
- WMRN Radio 1490 AM

Additional information or follow-up instructions may be also provided through any of these resources if the Department of Public Safety determines that providing such information would be helpful to promote safety or to respond to the situation.

Please note that Timely Warnings, also called "Public Safety Notices," are issued by the University Police Division. These alerts are distinct from Buckeye Alerts. Timely Warnings/Public Safety Notices provide information about crimes that have already occurred but still pose a serious or continuing threat. The Buckeye Alert emergency notification system will only be activated if the campus community is under an immediate threat from a significant emergency or a dangerous event and must take immediate action to remain safe and secure. Timely Warnings/Public Safety Notices will be issued to make the general public aware of a crime or series of crimes to help them be better informed and more vigilant of potential dangers on and near campus. The Ohio State University encourages the university community to pay close

attention to both Public Safety Notices and Buckeye Alert text messaging alerts to remain informed of crime activity and emergencies on campus.

Buckeye Alert Text Messaging Alerts: <a href="mailto:buckeyealert.osu.edu">buckeyealert.osu.edu</a>
Timely Warning/Public Safety Notices: <a href="mailto:dps.osu.edu/police/psn">dps.osu.edu/police/psn</a>

#### **Severe Weather**

In the event that the National Weather Service issues a Tornado Warning for Marion County, the Buckeye Alert Text Messaging System will automatically be activated and send a text message to all registered users on the Marion campus.

# **Text Messaging**

Text Messaging is a simple, reliable way to quickly send and broadcast messages to as many students, faculty, and staff as possible. Text messaging is an emergency notification method that will send a text message alert to a registered user's cell phone in the event of an emergency. Text message alerts are designed for all-hazards emergency notifications. Faculty and staff will automatically be enrolled if their cellular phone number is in the Ohio State University's Human Resources or Ohio State University's Wexner Medical Center database. Likewise, if a student has provided the university with their cellular number via "BuckeyeLink", they will automatically be enrolled to receive emergency text messages.

Students, faculty, and staff have the capability to add up to two additional cell phone numbers to the system by visiting **buckeyealert.osu.edu**. This provides for the ability to add parents, spouses, or significant others. Others who regularly have business on-campus, such as contractors, can request to be added to the system by sending an email to Ohio State's Emergency Management at **emergencymanagement@osu.edu**.

#### **Bulk Email Alerts**

A mass email can be sent to everyone who has an email account on the osu.edu or mtc.edu systems. This email is distributed by the Internal Communications office upon notification.

This email would be accessible to any account holder whether they are accessing it from on-campus or remotely.

# The Ohio State University Website

An emergency message can be posted on the front page of Ohio State's website <u>osu.edu</u>. Ohio State's Emergency Management can also utilize its website <u>emergency.osu.edu</u>, to provide information and updates to the campus community.

# **Marion Technical College Website**

An emergency message can be posted on the front page of Marion Technical College's website mtc.edu.

# **Social Networking**

Social networking websites offer the opportunity to reach out to members of our community during an emergency in a manner that interfaces with the modern trends of communicating.

Ohio State's Emergency Management and the University Police Division maintain social networking websites via Twitter and Facebook to provide immediate emergency information. Links to these sites may be found by accessing the Department of Public Safety's main webpage dps.osu.edu, and clicking on the Facebook or Twitter link provided on the front page.

# Media Outlets: TV, Radio, Print

The Ohio State University Department of Public Safety (DPS), in collaboration with University Relations, will provide advisories to the media through a formal media advisory, a news release, or in response to media inquiries.

Once the activation of mass communication system is initiated and the public becomes aware of a situation occurring at the university, the media often begins to inquire about the nature of the emergency.

Ohio State will provide relevant information to the media to help ensure that the campus community and the public are informed about the emergency.

#### **Emergency Response**

The Ohio State University departments are responsible for developing contingency plans and continuity of operations

plans for their staff and areas of responsibility. Both Continuity of Operations Plans and Building Emergency Action Plans are coordinated out of Ohio State's Enterprise Continuity Management office.

Ohio State Public Safety personnel have received training in Incident Command and critical incident response. When a serious incident occurs that causes an immediate threat to the campus, the first responders to the scene are usually the University Police Division, the Marion County Sheriff's Office, and Marion Township Fire Department. They typically respond and work together to manage the incident. Depending on the nature of the incident, other Ohio State University departments and other local or federal agencies could also be involved in responding to the incident.

General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for Ohio State University are publicized each year as part of the institution's Clery Act compliance efforts and that information is available at <a href="mailto:emergency.osu.edu">emergency.osu.edu</a>.

#### **EMERGENCY EVACUATIONS**

# **Campus Evacuation**

To protect our campus population from the effects of emergencies, protective action recommendations or evacuation instructions may be issued by the Department of Public Safety and other emergency response authorities (e.g., Marion County Sheriff's Department, Marion Twp. Fire Department). These instructions may order evacuations for individual buildings or regions of campus, or they could be campus-wide.

If an evacuation of the entire OSUM/MTC campus is ordered by public safety officials, it is important to follow evacuation instructions disseminated through the communications systems used to inform the campus of an emergency. It is likely that traffic routes may be altered, that some areas of campus may already be inaccessible, and that travel off campus may require the use of public transportation or other arrangements.

It is important to remember that evacuations are issued only if the safety and well-being of the OSUM/MTC community is at serious risk. OSUM/MTC asks that you work together and assist each other during evacuations, and that you follow all instructions and guidance from university officials and first responders.

Building-specific evacuation procedures vary by building. We encourage all individuals on campus to familiarize themselves with evacuation procedures in the buildings they occupy. Specific evacuation information can be obtained from posted procedures located in each building, or by requesting a copy from the Public Safety Office.

If assistance is required to learn more about building-specific evacuation procedures, please contact the OSUM/MTC Public Safety Office.

#### SHELTER-IN-PLACE

Shelter-in-Place Procedures – If an incident occurs, it may be safer to stay indoors, because leaving the area may expose you to that danger. In these or other circumstances, you may be asked to shelter-in-place rather than evacuate a building or area. Shelter in place means finding a safe location indoors and staying there until you are given an "all clear" or told to evacuate. You may be asked to shelter in place because of an active threat; tornado; or chemical, radiological, or other hazard.

**How You Will Know to Shelter-in-Place** – A shelter-in-place notification may come from several sources, including the Ohio State's Public Safety, Student Life, other university/college employees, or other authorities utilizing the university's emergency communications tools.

**How to Shelter-in-Place** – No matter where you are, the basic steps of shelter-in-place will generally remain the same. If the need ever arises, follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

#### **Severe Weather**

- 1. Remain calm.
- 2. Seek shelter in a centrally located sturdy room on the lowest possible floor, away from windows and exterior doors.
- 3. Do not go outside or into open areas such as gymnasiums or other rooms where there are large open spans.
- 4. Do not open windows during a tornado in an attempt to equalize building pressure.
- 5. Stay away from windows, exterior doors, skylights, mirrors, and other objects that could cause injury if knocked over.

# **Chemical or Biological Agent**

1. Remain calm.

- 2. Listen for and follow instructions provided by Public Safety.
- 3. Return to your room and close all windows and doors unless instructed differently by Public Safety.
- 4. Turn off air conditioning units, if able to do so.
- 5. Be prepared to evacuate the area if instructed by Public Safety.

# **Active Shooter/Active Threat**

#### Run

- 1. Always leave an active threat situation if you are able to do so.
- 2. Leave your belongings behind and keep your hands visible.
- 3. Notify **9-1-1** of the situation when it is safe to do so.

#### Hide

- 1. Proceed to the nearest interior room that can be locked or secured as best as possible.
- 2. Close and lock all the windows and doors, and turn off all of the lights. Barricade the door if possible.
- 3. Remain quiet and silence your cell phone.
- 4. Make it as hard as possible for the assailant to find you, see you, or get to you.

#### **Fight**

- 1. Fighting is a last resort to be used only when your life is in imminent danger.
- 2. Attempt to incapacitate the active shooter.
- 3. Find an object to use as a weapon such as a fire extinguisher or chair.

# **Testing and Exercises**

Exercises designed to test OSUM/MTC's emergency procedures and preparedness are conducted at least annually and may be conducted in the form of a drill, tabletop, functional, or full scale exercise. The OSUM/MTC Public Safety office will document a description of each exercise as well as the date and time of the exercise and information about whether the test was announced or unannounced.

Testing of the Buckeye Alert system typically occurs biannually, but may occur at more frequent intervals at the discretion of Ohio State's Emergency Management. These tests may be announced or unannounced.

# POLICIES FOR REPORTING CRIMES, PREPARING ANNUAL REPORTS, CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING

#### REPORTING A CRIME

All persons are strongly encouraged to report crime to the police in a prompt and accurate manner. This includes situations where the victim of the crime elects to report a crime or is unable to make such a report. Crimes occurring on campus should be reported to The Ohio State University Police by calling 9-1-1 (emergency) or 614-292-2121 (non-emergency), and crimes occurring off-campus in. Crimes occurring off-campus in other communities should be reported to the local police agency. Contact information for those surrounding the Marion campus: Marion County Sheriff's Office at 740-382-8244.

Under Ohio law, persons who have knowledge of a felony are required to report the crime to the police (Ohio Revised Code § 2921.22). Failure to report a crime may itself be a crime.

The university strongly encourages all criminal activity to be reported to the University Police Division. Information on criminal behavior may also be reported to the offices of Student Conduct, Human Resources, or to the Title IX Coordinator.

#### **CONFIDENTIALITY**

Ohio's public records law (Ohio Revised Code § 149.43) generally does not permit the university/college to promise confidentiality to those who report crimes to anyone except counselors at Counseling and Wellness Services. Some off-campus reports also may be legally confidential—e.g. reports to clergy or health care professionals. Reports that are confidential by law will not be reported to the University for inclusion in the annual crime statistics report.

The university understands that reporting a crime may involve disclosing sensitive information. Subject to Ohio public records law, the university will use and disseminate such information consistent with the need to conduct an appropriate

investigation, to provide assistance and resources to crime victims, to perform other appropriate university functions, and as required by law. However, because of the requirements of public records laws, the university does not have a policy that permits confidential reporting of crimes for inclusion in the annual crime statistics report. The university will not include personally identifying information about crime victims or other necessary parties in this report or other Clery Act disclosures.

Note that the use and release personally identifiable information from an education record of a student is governed by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and the university will disclose covered student information in compliance with that law and the university Privacy and Release of Student Education Records policy. For more information about FERPA, please visit: **registrar.osu.edu/policies/releaseinfo.asp** or **www.mtc.edu/ferpa/**.

Ohio Revised Code § 2921.22 requires that any person who knows that a felony has been or is being committed must report this information to law enforcement authorities. For that reason, university officials who become aware of a crime may, under some circumstances, be required by law to report the crime to law enforcement.

#### PREPARING ANNUAL REPORTS

The university prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. Crime statistics reported to designated campus officials, including but not limited to officials in those departments listed below, and the local law enforcement agencies listed below are included in this report.

#### THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY AT MARION CAMPUS

The Ohio State University's Annual Campus Security Act Report is the result of the efforts of many people on-campus. Each year the offices and individuals listed above as well as other campus offices and local law enforcement agencies provide information for inclusion in the annual report. No formal police report is required for a crime to be included in the statistics. Every effort is taken to ensure that all persons required to report do so, and that statistics are as accurate and complete as possible. Information included in the annual report is reviewed for accuracy, completeness, and readability.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding any of the statistics and information in this report, please contact Ohio State's Department of Public Safety – Marion Campus at **740-725-6300**.

The Ohio State University will not retaliate, intimidate, threaten, coerce, or otherwise discriminate against any individual for exercising the rights or responsibilities provided by the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.

# REPORTING SEXUAL ASSAULT, RELATIONSHIP VIOLENCE, AND STALKING

Survivors of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are strongly encouraged to report the offense to the police. To report an offense to the University Police Division (non-emergency), please call **614-292-2121 or 740-725-6300**. After hours or in the absence of campus police, contact the Marion County Sheriff's Office at **740-382-8244**.

In an emergency, please dial 9-1-1.

Reporting an offense to the University Police or other law enforcement or campus security authorities does not necessarily require filing criminal charges, but it does allow all support systems to be put in place for the survivor. Filing a police report will provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution and will allow the survivor to be connected with the appropriate support and medical resources. Reporting is best done as soon as possible after the offense, but it may be done at any time.

Reports may also be made to The Ohio State University to the following university offices:

<u>Title IX Coordinator</u> in the Office of University Compliance and Integrity - 21 E. 11th Ave., Columbus, OH 43201, **614-247-5838**, **titleix@osu.edu** 

Student Life Student Conduct

550 Lincoln Tower, 1800 Cannon Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43210, 614-292-0748

**University Human Resources** 

1590 North High Street, Suite 300, Columbus, OH 43201, 614-292-1050

**Anonymous Reporting** 

EthicsPoint or by calling 866-294-9350

<u>Title IX contact on the Ohio State University Marion Campus</u>
Shawn Jackson – Director of Student Life, **740-725-6219**, jackson, **368@osu.edu** 

Reports may also be made to Marion Technical College to the following college offices:

Brenda Feasel – Director of Human Resources and Title IX & Civil Rights Coordinator, **740-386-4189**, **feaselb@mtc.edu** to report sexual assaults, relationship violence, and stalking.

Shannon Niedzwicki – Director of Career Services / Deputy Title IX Coordinator, **740-386-4176**, **niedzwickis@mtc.edu**.

The university will assist students who report sexual assault in obtaining medical support and information regarding available legal and judicial resources as well as counseling and support services. The university will also assist survivors in notifying the University Police or other local police if the survivor requests the assistance of law enforcement. The survivor may also choose to decline to notify law enforcement.

As discussed more fully above in the section titled, "Confidentiality," the university/college does not have a policy that generally permits confidential reporting of crimes. However, in reporting a crime, a survivor may disclose sensitive information, and the university will, subject to Ohio public records law, use and disseminate such information consistent with the need to conduct an appropriate investigation, to provide assistance and resources to the survivor, and to perform other appropriate university functions. The use and release personally identifiable information from an education record of a student is governed by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and the university will disclose covered student information in compliance with that law and the university Privacy and Release of Student Education Records policy.

#### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

The university will provide student and employee survivors with written notification of the survivor's rights and about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, and other services available for survivors both on-campus and in the community, whether the offense occurred on- or off-campus. Protective measures issued by the university might include residence hall room changes, course changes, or "no contact" directives. Interim suspension of a student may be available when the university has reasonable cause to believe that the student's presence on university premises or at a university-related or -registered student organization activity poses a significant risk of substantial harm to the safety or security of themselves, others, or to property. Similarly, employees may be placed on administrative leave with pay when Human Resources determines that the health or safety of any staff member or of any person or property entrusted to the staff member's care adversely could be affected or during an administrative investigation. Student Conduct and Human Resources investigators collaborate closely with other university departments, including Residence Life, Student Advocacy, Counseling and Consultation Service, Employee Assistance Program, and University Police, to connect students and employees to the appropriate sources of other remedies or protective measures. Interim measures taken during an investigation of a complaint of sexual misconduct should minimize the burden on the complainant. SARNCO, and University Police also may assist individuals in obtaining orders of protection through the appropriate criminal or civil court.

The university also will provide written notification about options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes in academic, living, transportation, and working situations, and protective measures, if so requested by the survivor and if such accommodations are reasonably available, regardless of whether the survivor chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. If requested by the survivor and if reasonably available, the university will assist the survivor in changing his/her academic or living situation after the alleged assault. Upon request, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinators can assist the survivor with exploring options to address these concerns. Options may include but are not limited to academic/financial aid guidance and discussion of options, assistance in withdrawing from classes or adjusting academic schedule, transitioning the survivor into another residence facility, or emergency housing. The university will not disclose accommodations or protective measures provided to a survivor unless withholding such information would impair the ability to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

For survivors who choose to notify the police, it is important to know the immediacy of reporting the incident and the importance of preserving physical evidence that may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order at the crime scene and on the survivor. In cases of sexual assault, within the first 96-hours is the best time for evidence to be collected. Under certain circumstances, it may be collected after this time frame. If possible, a victim of sexual assault should not eat, drink, smoke, wash, douche, use the toilet, or change

clothing before a medical/legal examination. The gathering of physical evidence can provide important evidence and support of criminal charges leading to a successful prosecution, and cases may be reported without physical evidence.

Students or employees who are reporting an immediate assault should be accompanied to a health-care facility of their choice to allow for collection of evidence and treatment. If a sexual assault survivor chooses to report the incident days, weeks, or even months after the assault, important support systems still are available and can be arranged, but criminal investigations become much more difficult.

# THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES REGARDING CASES OF ALLEGED DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING

Allegations that an Ohio State University student has committed a sexual assault or engaged in dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking are investigated and adjudicated by Student Conduct, 550 Lincoln Tower, 1800 Cannon Drive, Columbus OH 43210, **614-292-0748**. Complaints against The Ohio State University faculty or staff members are addressed by Human Resources, 1590 N. High St., Suite 300, **614-292-1050**.

The following procedures apply to cases of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking as defined in the university's Sexual Misconduct Policy.

#### FILING A COMPLAINT

Victims (complainants) of dating violence, domestic abuse, sexual assault or stalking may file a complaint by emailing <a href="mailto:TitleIX@osu.edu">TitleIX@osu.edu</a> or via a report form at <a href="http://titleix.osu.edu">http://titleix.osu.edu</a>

#### **INVESTIGATION**

In cases involving allegations of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking, the university will provide a prompt, fair, and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final result and will treat the complainant with respect before, during, and after the investigation. The investigator will interview the complainant and the respondent and any pertinent witnesses. The investigator also will review police or other reports and collect relevant, available evidence. The entire process will be consistent with the university's published policies and will be transparent to the complainant and the respondent. The investigator will provide both parties with timely notice of meetings at which they may be present, and both parties will be provided with equal access to case materials.

A typical investigation into reported acts of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking will take approximately 60 calendar days following receipt of the complaint. This will vary depending on the complexity of the investigation and the severity and extent of the alleged sexual misconduct. When in an individual case the following time frames cannot be met for legitimate reasons, the parties will be informed when and why they will not be met.

The 60-day time frame refers to the entire investigation process, which includes and is not limited to:

- Initiating the investigation including contacting the complainant for an intake interview (7 days).
- Conducting the fact-finding investigation (33 days).
- Holding a hearing or engaging in another decision-making process to determine whether a policy violation has occurred (10 days).
- Determining what actions the university will take to eliminate the hostile environment, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its discriminatory effects, including imposing sanctions against the respondent and providing remedies for the complainant and university community, as appropriate, and issuing written notice of the finding of the investigation (10 days).

Other factors may affect one or more parts of that time frame, including but not limited to the complexity, severity, and extent of the alleged sexual misconduct. The process may be extended if necessary because of illness, holidays, unavailability of parties or witnesses, complexity of the case, or competing demands on investigators or decision makers.

#### **ADVISOR**

An individual of the complainant's and respondent's choice may accompany them at the initial interview and to any subsequent meetings or proceedings, as long as that person is not potentially a party or witness in the case. The support person is not provided documentation on the investigation or allowed to interject during the investigation interview. If a support person is determined to be unreasonably interfering with the meeting or proceeding, she or he may be asked to leave.

#### RESOLUTION IN STUDENT CONDUCT INVESTIGATIONS

The investigator will decide whether to issue charges for violations of the Code of Student Conduct related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Charges will be issued if there is reasonable cause to believe that the student may have violated the Code of Student Conduct. The fact that charges have been issued does not mean that the student has been found in violation. If charges are issued, the hearing officer will notify both the respondent and the complainant. The respondent can accept responsibility and request an Administrative Decision, deny responsibility and request an Administrative Hearing before a University Hearing Officer, or deny responsibility and request a hearing before the University Conduct Board. When a student accepts responsibility and requests an administrative decision, the hearing officer will consider appropriate sanctions for the violation. In so doing, the hearing officer will consider all of the material brought forth in the investigation, including statements from the complainant on the impact the violation has had on their life and educational experience.

#### **Sanctions**

There are a number of possible sanctions that may be imposed when a student s found in violation for dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Available sanctions include separation from the university. Dismissal is a permanent separation. A separation for any limited period of time (typically measured in years of academic terms) is called a suspension. A separation from the university ends the student's enrollment at the university and bans the sanctioned student from campus. Other available sanctions less than separation include probation for one semester through the end of a students' period of enrollment, and a formal reprimand. Additionally, when a student is sanctioned to a term of suspension or probation, additional sanctions, referred to as educational sanctions, may be imposed. These sanctions may include behavioral assessments, workshops, community service, or other instructive experiences.

#### **Hearings**

A student charged with violating the Code of Student Conduct can decide not to accept responsibility and elect a hearing to resolve the charge. The Code provides for two types of hearing, and the respondent chooses which type. The first is an Administrative Hearing. The second is a University Conduct Board Hearing. Both types of hearings are less formal than a hearing in a court of law. The legal rules of evidence do not apply, and the standard of proof is the preponderance of the evidence standard. The difference between the two hearing types is who hears and decides the case. In an Administrative Hearing, the case is heard by a hearing officer from Student Conduct. Typically, the case is assigned to a hearing officer other than the one who conducted the investigation. In a University Conduct Board Hearing involving allegations of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking, the case is heard by a board consisting of faculty and staff. Staff and faculty are appointed by the Vice President of Student Life.

In cases involving allegations of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking, both complainants and respondents participate equally in the hearing process and may have an advisor of their choice present. Should one party desire it, the complainant and respondent shall be in separate rooms connected by video and audio during the hearing. Both parties are able to question witnesses, but questions to each other must be directed through the hearing officer or board coordinator.

# **Appeals**

Once a result is determined by the hearing officer or board, Student Conduct promptly communicates simultaneously, in writing, to both parties the outcome of the disciplinary hearing, the institution's appeal procedures, any change to the results before they are final, and when the results become final. Both parties may appeal the outcome. Appeals are heard by the Vice President of Student Life or designee. When the Vice President issues a decision on an appeal, notice is promptly provided to both parties.

# Disclosure of Results of Disciplinary Proceedings

Upon request, the university will disclose the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of *any* crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense (i.e. statutory rape, incest) to the alleged victim or next of kin, if the victim is deceased.

# RESOLUTION IN UNIVERSITY HUMAN RESOURCES INVESTIGATIONS

In cases of misconduct by an employee, the investigator will prepare a written case report that typically provides a summary of facts, analysis, findings, and recommended corrective actions. This report is shared in writing with the complainant and respondent at the conclusion of the investigation. Corrective actions may be taken pursuant to the

Corrective Action and Involuntary Termination policy, Student Employment policy, and/or the Rules of the University Faculty 3335-5-04. Potential corrective actions include coaching, training, development plans, reduction in supervisory duties and leadership responsibilities, changes in salary, termination, and other appropriate remedial measures. In the event that a record of such corrective action will become a part of the respondent's personnel records, prior notice will be given. Corrective action also may be taken against any individual with a duty to report under this policy who fails to report an incident of sexual misconduct in a manner consistent with the provisions of this policy. In cases involving employees subject to collective bargaining agreements or the Faculty 3335-5-04 process, parties will retain all rights afforded under applicable laws such as Title IX.

# TRAINING & CONFLICT OF INTEREST

All employees, staff, and students involved in an investigation or hearing are trained annually on issues related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, and proper hearing procedure that protects victim safety and promotes accountability. An investigating hearing officer, administrative hearing officer, university conduct board member or board coordinator will remove him or herself from any proceeding in which a conflict of interest or bias exists against either the complainant or the respondent.

# CRIMINAL AND CIVIL OPTIONS IN ADDITION TO UNIVERSITY PROCEDURES

Survivors of sexual assault have the right to initiate a criminal investigation and initiate the disciplinary process through the University Conduct system. Survivors may be assisted by Title IX staff or confidential community advocates through SARNCO in learning about the options for reporting sexual assault to the university as well as University Police or local law enforcement agencies. For more information, please visit titleix.osu.edu.

#### CAMPUS SEX CRIME PREVENTION ACT INFORMATION

The responsibility for tracking persons in Ohio who have been designated as Sex Offenders is assigned to the sheriffs of the various counties. The following website contains information regarding registered sex offenders for geographic areas covered by this report: <a href="http://www.co.marion.oh.us/sheriff/">http://www.co.marion.oh.us/sheriff/</a>

# MARION TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Any student, registered student organization, faculty, and/or staff member may file charges with the Vice President of Academic Affairs & Student Services against any other student, registered student organization, faculty; or staff member. A list of actions, which is not intended to be all-inclusive, is contained within the Marion Technical College Student Handbook.

The procedures for Disciplinary Action, Appeals, and Student Grievances/Complaints are outlined in this College Code Section; as well as Disciplinary Sanctions and Records of Student Complaints. The Marion Technical College Student Services Office – Vice President – is located in Bryson Hall, Room 161H at 1467 Mount Vernon Ave. (Marion, OH) and can be reached by calling **740-386-4150**.

# LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WEBSITE:

For information about the Marion County Sheriff's Office jurisdiction surrounding the Marion campus, please visit: Marion County Sheriff's Office: <a href="http://www.co.marion.oh.us/sheriff/">http://www.co.marion.oh.us/sheriff/</a>

#### REGIONAL CAMPUS WEBSITES

Wooster: <u>oardc.osu.edu/police</u>

Lima: <u>lima.osu.edu/</u>

Mansfield: mansfield.osu.edu/

Marion: <u>osumarion.osu.edu/</u>

Newark: newark.osu.edu/

# TIMELY WARNING POLICY

Timely Warnings, called "Public Safety Notices", are provided to heighten safety awareness by giving students, faculty, and staff notification of crimes that occur only on campus property, non-campus property, or on public property

immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus and are considered by The Ohio State University and Marion Technical College to present a serious or continuing threat to students and employees.

Hate Crime Alerts are a subset of Public Safety Notices. A Hate Crime Alert will be issued when a hate or bias-related incident that presents a serious or continuing threat to students and employees occurs on campus property, non-campus property, or on public property immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus. Hate Crime Alerts may also be issued when the University Police Division determines issuance is appropriate to heighten safety awareness after a hate or bias-related incident or series of incident occurs.

The Ohio State University Police are responsible for preparing a Public Safety Notice when a crime is reported to or brought to the attention of The Ohio State University Police Division and that crime represents a continuing threat to the safety of students and employees. Information for alerts may also come from other law enforcement agencies or other offices. While every attempt will be made to distribute the alert as soon as possible after an incident or series of incidents is reported, the release will occur after a determination is made that the crime(s) represents a continuing threat to students and employees and is subject to the availability of accurate facts concerning the incident(s).

Information about criminal incidents is reviewed on a case-by-case basis to determine whether those incidents represent a serious or continuing threat to students and employees. Incidents will be reviewed based on the nature of the crime, the facts of the case and the information known to the University Police Division.

Criminal suspects are often unknown to the victims. However, in the instance of a violent crime occurring between two individuals who know each other, University Police will look at each instance to determine if the suspect poses a continued threat to the campus community and issue a warning when necessary.

Public Safety Notices also seek information that may lead to arrest and conviction of the offender when violent crimes against persons or major crimes against property have been reported to the police and may contain crime prevention tips and safety information.

The University Police Division makes every effort to properly classify a criminal incident when issuing a Public Safety Notice. However, upon further analysis and investigation, it may be determined that incidents for which Public Safety Notices are issued do not fall within the definitions of reportable crimes included in this report, and therefore, some incidents for which Public Safety Notices are issued may not be included in the crime statistics provided by this report.

# TIMELY WARNING PROCEDURE

The Ohio State University Police Division will prepare a Public Safety Notice when a report is received of a violent crime against a person or a particularly threatening crime against property that represents a continuing threat to the safety of students, faculty, and staff. Notices may be issued for such crimes that occur within the Clery reporting geography on campus property, non-campus property, or on public property immediately adjacent to an accessible from campus. Public Safety Notices are sequentially numbered, beginning January 1 of each year, and provide details of the crime, a description of the suspect if known, information on whom to contact about the investigation, and often, crime prevention tips. Public Safety Notices do not include the names of crime victims.

Information that may be included in Public Safety Notices:

- A succinct statement of the incident.
- Possible connection to previous incidents, if applicable.
- Physical description of the suspect, if available.
- Photo or composite drawing of the suspect, if available.
- Date and time the bulletin was released.
- Other relevant and important information about the crime(s).
- Actions taken by Public Safety officials in response to the crime(s).
- Information on crime prevention, personal safety or other community safety resources.

The University Police Division may not include some known information in a Public Safety Notice if providing that information could risk compromising law enforcement efforts. Additionally, Public Safety Notices may be updated if new or more accurate information becomes available to the Police Division.

Public Safety Notices are distributed by emails sent to all osu.edu email addresses, which are accessible and available to all students, faculty, and staff. These emails are drafted by the University Police Division and distributed by Ohio State's Department of Public Safety. In some circumstances, the University Police Division may distribute fliers to appropriate

university departments to be posted in affected areas of campus. While several local media outlets receive Public Safety Notices through the subscription service discussed below, the Police Division may also contact the media directly to distribute information about criminal incidents in some situations.

Public Safety Notices may also be viewed at <u>dps.osu.edu/psn</u>. In addition to the emails sent to all students, staff, the University Police Division offers a free service that sends an email update to any email address when a Public Safety Notice is issued. Please visit <u>dps.osu.edu/psn</u> to subscribe to this service.

Please note that Public Safety Notices are a separate and distinct process from the emergency notification text messaging alerts provided by the Buckeye Alert System. For more information about Buckeye Alert text messaging alerts, or visit **buckeyealert.osu.edu**.

# SAFETY TIPS AND CRIME PREVENTION INFORMATION

- If you see something suspicious... say something! **To report emergencies dial 9-1-1**; Non-emergencies oncampus dial **614-292-2121**; Non-emergencies off-campus dial **740-382-8244**.
- Always plan the safest route to your destination.
- LOCK YOUR DOORS AND WINDOWS! Many burglaries and thefts take place because of unlocked residence hall or apartment doors.
- Let others know where you are going and when you will return.
- Walk with a companion whenever possible.
- Use public walkways and stay in well-lit and traveled areas.
- When walking, take note of potential hiding spots and use caution as you approach them.
- Avoid carrying valuables and large amounts of cash.
- Minimize distractions when walking and remain aware of your surroundings.
- If you feel uncomfortable in a situation, leave as soon as possible.
- Call for an escort in the evening **740-725-6300**.
- Always lock your vehicle doors, even while you are driving.
- Park in well-lighted areas and remove valuables from sight.
- Register and lock your bike.

# RISK REDUCTION STRATEGIES

- Look out for "sketchiness." This can be someone pressuring you and friends to drink a lot, or who is overly enthusiastic about getting someone else drunk. Look out for someone talking about hooking up with the "most wasted person in the room."
- Trust your instincts. If something does not feel quite right, it probably is not.
- **Be careful with mixed punches, jungle juice, or other communal beverages**. Contents and alcohol volume are often a mystery. Pieces of fruit hold and concentrate alcohol or anything else in the mix.
- **Be aware of your drink**. Never leave your drink unattended or even in the possession of a friend. Be aware of who is making your drink, and consider watching them make it.
- Be cautious of beverages that will mask the flavor or effects of alcohol, such as carbonated alcoholic beverages, alcohol mixed with energy drinks or sweet mixes.
- Know your limits and your friends' limits for drinking and other drug use.
- Use the buddy system:
  - ✓ Make a plan with your friends before you go out. Talk about how long you want to stay out, what to do if a friend meets someone, etc. Have a plan!
  - ✓ Never leave a friend alone when she or he has had too much to drink.
  - ✓ Take your friend to a safe place. This means leaving the party, bar, house, or wherever.

# MARION TECHNICAL COLLEGE

The Marion Technical College Regulations and Codes states: Use, possession, or distribution of illegal drugs or alcohol on college premises, college-related premises, or at a college function is prohibited, except as authorized by law and college policies.

The College prohibits the illegal use of alcohol and complies fully with federal, state, and local regulations regarding the sale, possession, and consumption of alcoholic beverages. All members of the Marion Campus community are held responsible for their behavior and for respecting the rights of others.

The Marion Technical College Student Services Office makes information regarding alcohol awareness available to students, including videos, films, guest lectures, and literature. Referral information is also provided to individuals as needed. Information regarding laws, rules, and regulations regarding drug and alcohol use are covered with each student during orientation and in the student handbook provided to each student.

# REPORTS AVAILABLE

Copies of this annual report may be printed in PDF format from the Marion Campus Public Safety web page; <a href="mailto:osu.edu/student-life/campus-safety.html">osu.edu/student-life/campus-safety.html</a> or requested from the Marion Campus Public Safety Office:

Marion Campus Public Safety Morrill Hall – Room 138 1465 Mount Vernon Ave. Marion, Ohio 43302

Phone: 740-725-6300

# CRIME STATISTICS CHART FOR OCCURRENCES ON THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY AT MARION CAMPUS

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
Aggravated Assault	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Arson	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Burglary	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Murder and	2017	0	0	0
Non-Negligent	2016	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Robbery	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Rape	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Fondling	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0

Incest	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Stalking	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0

# **HATE CRIMES**

2017: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

2016: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

2015: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

# **UNFOUNDED CRIMES**

2017: There were 0 unfounded crimes

# ARRESTS AND DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property			
ARRESTS							
	2017	0	0	0			
Alcohol Law Violations	2016	0	0	0			
	2015	0	0	0			
	2017	0	0	0			
Drug Law Violations	2016	0	0	0			
	2015	0	0	0			
	2017	0	0	0			
Weapon Law Violation	2016	0	0	0			
VIOLUTOII	2015	0	0	0			
DISCIPLINARY REFERE	DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS						
Alcohol Law Violations	2017	0	0	0			
	2016	0	0	0			
	2015	0	0	0			
	2017	0	0	0			
Drug Law Violations	2016	0	0	0			
, LUZWIZUZEU	2015	0	0	0			
	2017	0	0	0			
Weapon Law Violation	2016	0	0	0			
	2015	0	0	0			

# CRIME STATISTICS CHART FOR OCCURRENCES ON THE MARION CAMPUS FOR MARION TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property
Aggravated Assault	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
11000001	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Arson	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Burglary	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2016	0	0	0
,	2015	0	0	0
Murder and	2017	0	0	0
Non-Negligent	2016	0	0	0
Manslaughter	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Robbery	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Rape	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Fondling	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0

Incest	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Dating Violence	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0
Stalking	2017	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0

# **HATE CRIMES**

2017: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

2016: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

2015: There were 0 reportable hate crimes

# **UNFOUNDED CRIMES**

2017: There were 0 unfounded crimes

# ARRESTS AND DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS

Crimes Reported	Year	On Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property		
ARRESTS						
	2017	0	0	0		
Alcohol Law Violations	2016	0	0	0		
	2015	0	0	0		
	2017	0	0	0		
Drug Law Violations	2016	0	0	0		
	2015	0	0	0		
	2017	0	0	0		
Weapon Law Violation	2016	0	0	0		
VIOLUTION	2015	0	0	0		
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS						
Alcohol Law Violations	2017	0	0	0		
	2016	0	0	0		
	2015	0	0	0		
	2017	0	0	0		
Drug Law Violations	2016	0	0	0		
TAGENTAL	2015	0	0	0		
	2017	0	0	0		
Weapon Law Violation	2016	0	0	0		
	2015	0	0	0		

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION CLERY DEFINITIONS

# **Campus**

- 1. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
- 2. Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1) that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

#### **Non-Campus**

- 1. Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
- 2. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

# **Public Property**

All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. Public property, for purposes of data collection and this report, does not include businesses or private residences adjacent to the campus.



